Controlling Workers Comp Costs

WCF Safety & Loss Prevention

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Outline

- Workers Compensation Evolution
- Workers Comp System
- Cost of Accidents
- Safety Programs & Injury Prevention
- Injury Claims Management

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Video Clip

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Workers Compensation

 Workers compensation insurance is a no fault system covering injuries & occupational diseases to employees which occur "by accident arising out of and in the course of employment."



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Pre-Workers' Compensation?

- PAST HISTORY: Pre 1900's
- Worker Recourse Sue Employer
- Employer Defense -

Contributory Negligence Fellow Employee Caused Accident Assumption of Risk

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Why Workers' Compensation?

- Fair and fast remedy for injured workers
- Fair and "reasonable" limit to liability for employers ("exclusive remedy")
- · Limit the need for litigation
 - Utah has one of the lowest litigation rates 2-3%

Failure to Obtain Coverage

- Penalties -
 - greater of \$1000 or three times the premium they would have paid.
- Injunctions
- Criminal Sanctions
- Loss of "Exclusive Remedy"
- Inability to Obtain Contracts

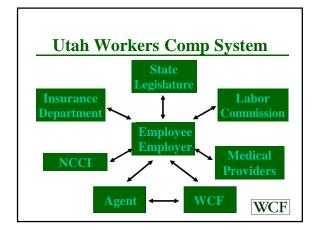
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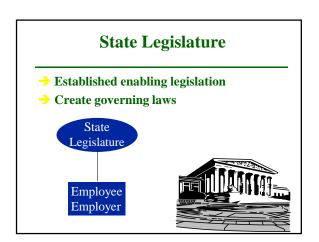
Workers' Compensation Benefits:

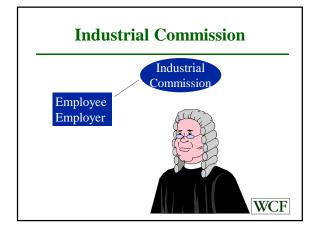
Compensation for work-related injuries and diseases, including -

- Medical Costs
- Wage Replacement
- Permanent Impairment Benefits
- Rehabilitation Benefits
- Survivor Benefits

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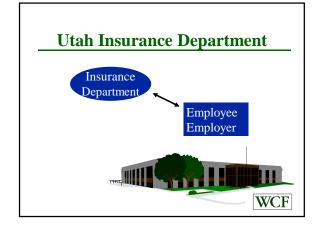




Industrial Commission

- Adjudicate disputed employee injury cases
- Enforce coverage by employers
- Regulate self-insured employers
- Establish medical provider fee schedule
- Establish attorney fee schedule



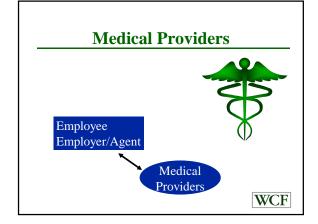


Utah Insurance Department

(System Regulator)

- Approve premium rates & plans
- · Approve insurance policy contracts
- Regulate insurance companies
- Establish industry underwriting rules and procedures

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Medical Providers

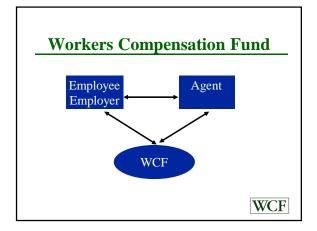
- Provide professional medical services to injured workers
- Function as "gatekeepers" in returning injured employees to work
- Render 2nd opinions and participate on medical panels
- Comply with Industrial Commission reporting requirements

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National Council on Compensation Insurance

- Collect loss data to establish loss cost rates
- Calculate experience modification factors (E-mod)
- Provide rule-making data & recommendations
- Develop a job classification system
- Perform employer classification reviews



Workers Compensation Fund

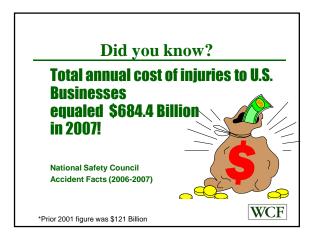
- Insured Utah employers since 1917
- Non-profit corporation owned by policyholders (as of 1988)
- · Insurer of choice
- Insure 56 to 60% of Utah's business (~30,000 **Utah Employers**)
- · Local Branch Services
- Multi-state Coverage

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Workers Compensation Fund

- Provide exclusive remedy for employers and employees
- Provide medical benefits and compensation to injured employees
- Work with medical providers and employers to successfully return employees to work
- · Provide training and loss prevention support
- · Prevent and prosecute fraud

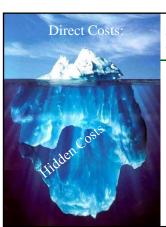




Costs of Accidents

- Direct Costs
 - Costs that can be easily quantified
- Indirect Costs AKA Hidden Costs
 - Costs that are not easily quantified





- Medical
- **Workers Compensation**
- Time lost from work
- Loss in earning power
- Lost time by fellow workers
- Lost time by supervision Cost of breaking in new
- person
 Damage to tools and equipment
- Equipment is out of service
- Spoiled work Spoilage fire, water, chemical, Failure to fill orders

- Overhead cost Loss of Morale
- Legal Costs



How much does an injury really cost?

Studies published in safety and health texts and professional journals have estimated that the indirect or hidden costs of a specific injury-producing accident will range between 5 and 50 times the direct costs associated with that accident.







Cost of Injuries Based on Medical Costs

Given the average *medical* cost of a "dust in the eye" injury is \$200:

 $5 \times 200 = \$1000$ $50 \times 200 = \$10,000$

Given that the average *medical* cost of carpal tunnel surgery is \$20,000

 $5 \times 20,000 = \$100,000 \quad 50 \times 20,000 = \1 Million

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Injury	Company Profit Margin						
Costs (dollars)	2%	4%	6%	8%	10%		
\$ 10,000	500,000	250,000	167,000	125,000	100,000		
\$ 20,000	1,000,000	500,000	333,000	250,000	200,000		
\$ 50,000	2,500,000	1,250,000	833,000	625,000	500,00		
\$ 75,000	3,750,000	1,875,000	1,250,000	938,000	750,00		
\$ 100,000	5,000,000	2,500,00	1,667,000	1,250,000	1,000,00		
\$ 500,000	25,000,000	12,500,000	8,333,000	6,250,000	5,000,00		

es necessary to ottset the cost of accidents and injuries at different profit margins. Donald Bloswick, Ph.D., P.E., C.P.E University of Utal

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Cost of Injuries Based on Cost of Insurance

 You can calculate the amount of sales needed to pay for premiums:

<u>Cost of WC Insurance</u> = \$ Needed in Sales % Profit Margin

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EXAMPLE:

- \$400,000 premium cost
- 10% profit margin

<u>\$400,000 in premiums</u> = 0.10

\$4 Million in Sales

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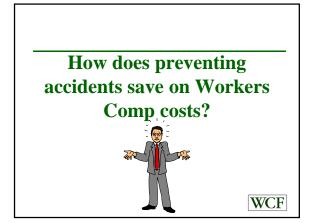
2 Simple Steps to Cutting Workers Comp Costs:

- Prevent Injuries
- Manage the Injuries that Occur

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E-mod

- · Calculated by NCCI
- Rating premium must be \$7,000 in one year or \$3,500 two consecutive years
- Statistical rating used to modify individual business rates as compared with industry average

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E-mod cont.

- Data collected to determine rate include:
 - Payroll
 - Claims experience (losses incurred)
 - Data collected has one year lag (3 year period)
 - Example: 2010 calculation uses 2006, 2007, 2008 data

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E-mod Calculation

$$\frac{\frac{\text{Observed}}{\text{Expected}} + \frac{\text{Observed}}{\text{Expected}} + \frac{\text{Observed}}{\text{Expected}}}{\text{Expected}} = \text{E-mod}$$

2010 E-mod evaluates [2006, 2007, 2008]

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E-mod Calculation Cont. 30% Medical Only Claims Costs 100% Lost Time Claims Costs Expected Losses based upon Utah average of your class code WCF

Frequency & Severity

• The NCCI looks at both frequency and severity.

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\$11,050

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How Accidents Affect the Bottom Line Company A Standard Rates Rate per Class Estimated Code Description \$100 Premium Payroll 2095 Meat Products Mfg. \$16,400 \$500,000 3.28 Experience Modification X 1.15 \$ 2,460 **Total Premium** \$18,860 WCF

How Accidents Affect the Bottom Line Company B Preferred Rates

Total Premium

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Bottom Line Difference

Company A

Total Premium: \$18,860

Company B

Total Premium: \$11,050

Difference: \$7,810

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Another Example (More Dramatic): Company A Roofers *Non-Standard Rates*

Class Code 5551	Description Roofers	Estimated Payroll \$500,000	Rate per \$100 22.95	Premium \$114,750
3331	Experience Modification		X 1.15	\$17,213
	Total Premium			\$131,963

How Accidents Affect the <u>Bottom Line</u> Company B Roofers Standard Rates

Class		Estimated	Rate per	
Code	Description	Payroll	\$100	Premium
5551	Roofers	\$500,000	18.20	\$91,000
	Experience Modification		X .85	(13,650)
	Total Premium			\$77,350
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Bottom Line Difference

Company A

Total Premium: \$131,963

Company B

Total Premium: \$77,350

Difference: \$54,613

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Cost of Injuries Based on Cost of Insurance for Company A:

If we assume 10% profit margin:

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Schedule Rating Adjustment

- Another multiplier.
- Qualified WCF customers.
- 25% discount or surcharge based on your company's safety programs and risk characteristics.

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Schedule Rating Adjustment

- Factors:
 - Existence of written company safety programs
 - Potential hazards/risks of your business
 - Drug free workplace policy
 - Employee management policies
 - Employee safety training
 - Implementation of recommendations

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Preventing accidents is the best way to control workers compensation costs and other accident related costs.

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H.W. Heinrich:

- ~98% of all accidents are Preventable:
 - ~90% of those are from Unsafe Behaviors
 - Remainder are Unsafe Conditions
- Other ~2%....?

Wipe Out!

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Pure Luck!

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Accidents Can Be Prevented

- Preventable Causes:
 - Unsafe behaviors
 - Unsafe conditions
- Focus on Preventable





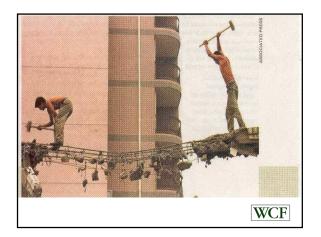
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Acceptance of accidents is a mindset to overcome. How many accidents are acceptable to have in one year?

















Ladder Safety

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How do you overcome the "unsafe mindset?"

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An Effective Safety Program will:

- Prevent/Decrease accidents
- Lower insurance costs
- Reduce cost of hiring & training personnel
- Decrease equipment damage & repair
- Increase productivity
- Improve employee morale



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WCF Safety & Loss Prevention Services

- Qualified, Board Certified Safety and Industrial Hygiene Professionals.
- · Large account formal service plans.
- Assistance with injury prevention.
- Customer training seminars.
- On site training services for qualified policyholders.
- Assigned safety representative for all accounts over \$10K

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WCF Safety & Loss Prevention Services

- Loss Analyses/Injury Claims Reviews
- Industrial hygiene consultation for qualified policyholders.
- On line safety resources at www.wcfgroup.com including safety topics for safety meetings/training.

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Components of an Effective Safety Program

- 1. Management Leadership & Commitment
- 2. Assignment of Responsibility (Accountability)
- 3. Hazard Identification & Control
- 4. Employee & Supervisor Training
- 5. Safety Incentives
- 6. Workplace Conditioning
- 7. Medical & Emergency Assistance

Components of an Effective Safety Program

- 8. Return to Work Programs
- 9. Accident & Incident Investigation
- 10. Accident Reporting & Recordkeeping Activities

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Other Programs That Help Prevent Accidents

- Drug free workplace
 - pre-employment testing
 - post accident testing
 - random testing
 - for cause testing
- Careful employee selection
- Discipline policy/programs used to enforce company safety policy

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Two Simple Steps:

- Prevent Accidents!
- Manage the injuries that occur!

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Two Simple Steps:

- Prevent Accidents!
- Manage the injuries that occur!

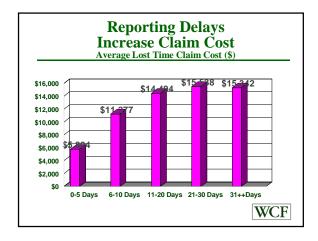
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Watch Out!

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Procedure for Reporting Injuries

- Report immediately company policy
- Whom to report to
- How to report it
- What information is needed
- File claim with WCF ASAP



Investigate & Document Every Accident

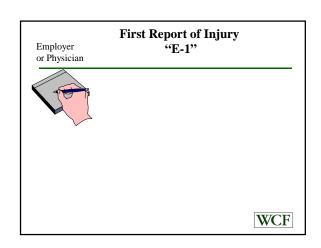
- · Look at Accident Site
- Determine Why it Happened
- Secure Evidence/Take Photographs
- Interview Witnesses
- Fact finding not fault finding

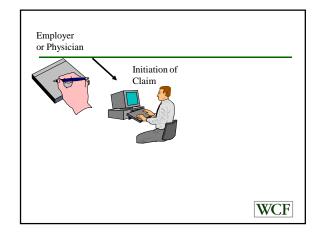


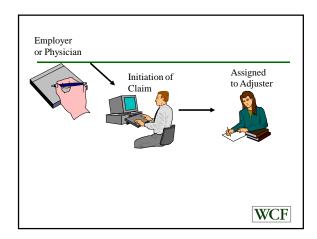
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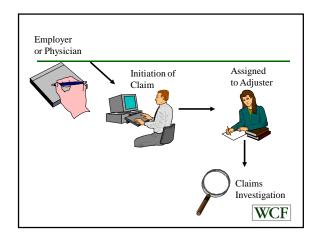
Reporting of Accidents to WCF:

- WCF Online: initiate first report at www.wcfgroup.com
- Phone service for reporting accidents
- First report of injury "hotline" 288-8285
- Outside Salt Lake City 1-800-561-8088
- Mail or fax your employer first report of injury forms (801) 288-8275
- · Keep employers reports on hand
 - Employers injury report requests line (288-8187)









Managed Care:

- In-house bill review 7.5 million savings
- Preferred provider organization 4.2 million savings
- · Prescription drug card
- **Utilization review**
- **Medical Case Management**
 - Nurses
 - Vocational Counselors



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Medical Management of Injury

- Designate a physician/facility from WCF **PPO Network**
- · Instruct employees on how to report and where to get medical care
- Require post accident drug testing (written policy should be reviewed by legal counsel).

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Medical Management of Injury

- · Establish working relationship with docs/clinic personnel
- **Accompany Your Injured Employee to** the Clinic
- · Inform the Physician of the Job Requirements and any Accommodations that are Available



Medical Management of Injury

• Invite the physician and medical personnel to your facility to take a tour and familiarize them with transitional/modified duty that is available.

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Maintain Close Contact with Injured Employee

- Keep in contact with injured worker
- · Eliminate concerns about keeping job
- · Helps decrease disability mentality

Maintain Close Contact with Injured Employee

- · Supervisor should contact w/in 24hrs.
- Periodic contact
- · When mobile
 - Have employee come to workplace
 - Discuss current job/possible accommodations

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Return to Work

- Provide transitional/modified duty ASAP
- Helps manage medical costs (remember one large lost time injury could affect your bottom line for three years through your e-mod)
- Increases employee morale
- Increases communication
- Helps handle the difficult situations $\frac{}{|WCF|}$

For Transitional/Modified **Duty to Work**

- · Prompt reporting
- Accurate job descriptions
- Identified transitional work assignments
- · Provide medical providers with options
- Develop written guidelines
- · Uniform "standard of care"

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Work With WCF Adjusters

- · Report to WCF immediately and contact the adjuster assigned. (www.wcfgroup.com)
- · Analyze trends/offer suggestions
- · Help set up transitional/modified duty
- · Can check into the "red flags" & request fraud investigation if necessary (WCF Fraud Dept)

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Red Flags

- Poor Performance Evaluation
- Short Time on the Job, Temporary Worker, Impending Lay-off
- No Witnesses
- Delays in Reporting
- · History of Accidents

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Red Flags (continued)

- Bizarre Symptoms
- · Doctor Shopping
- · Lack of Education or Other Transferable Skills
- · Frequent Address Changes

Red Flags (continued)

- Pre-existing Conditions
- Obesity
- Alcohol/Drug Dependency
- Injury is reported early on Monday morning or on day after employee's day off.
- Injury reported several days after an alleged injury occurred.

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What More Can You Do?

- Be in control of the process
- Hire the right people
- Hold employee orientation
- Monitor claims check your loss runs and know what claims have been filed

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2 Simple Steps to Cutting Workers Comp Costs:

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ON TARGET??

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Thank You!